Instructions

T3 3:1 Ratio Transfer Pump

3A5180C

ΕN

For use with polyurethane foam, polyurea, and similar non-flammable materials. For professional use only. Not approved for use in European explosive atmospheres.

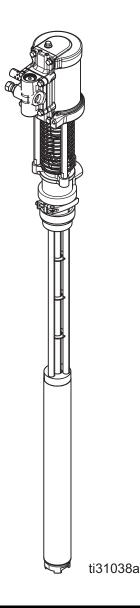
See page 2 for model information.

100 psi (0.69 MPa, 6.9 bar) Maximum Air Working Pressure 315 psi (2.17 MPa, 21.7 bar) Maximum Fluid Working Pressure



Important Safety Instructions Read all warnings and instructions in this

manual. Save these instructions.



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Models

| Part | Pump Ratio | Assembly Location | Pump Material | Fluid Supply Kit | Air Hose Kit |
|--------|---------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 24Z987 | 3:1 | US | Stainless steel | Yes | Yes |
| 24Z988 | 3:1 | US | Stainless steel | Yes | No |
| 26A304 | 3:1 | US | Stainless steel | No | No |

Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbols refer to procedure-specific risks. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual or on warning labels, refer back to these Warnings. Product-specific hazard symbols and warnings not covered in this section may appear throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

| TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD |
|---|
| Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled or swallowed. Read Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for handling instructions and to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using, including the effects of long-term exposure. When spraying, servicing equipment, or when in the work area, always keep work area well ventilated and always wear appropriate personal protective equipment. See Personal Protective Equip- |
| ment warnings in this manual. |
| Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines. |
| PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment and cover all skin when spraying, servicing equipment, or when in the work area. Protective equipment helps prevent serious injury, including long-term exposure; inhalation of toxic fumes, mists or vapors; allergic reaction; burns; eye injury and hearing loss. This protective equipment includes but is not limited to: A properly fitting respirator, which may include a supplied-air respirator, chemically impermeable gloves, protective clothing and foot coverings as recommended by the fluid manufacturer and local regulatory authority. Protective eyewear and hearing protection. |
| EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD |
| Misuse can cause death or serious injury. Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol. Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See Technical Specifications in all equipment manuals. Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See Technical Specifications in all equipment manuals. For complete information about your material, request Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) from distributor or retailer. Do not leave the work area while equipment is energized or under pressure. Turn off all equipment and follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when equipment is not in use. Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only. Do not alter or modify equipment. Alterations or modifications may void agency approvals and create safety hazards. Make sure all equipment is rated and approved for the environment in which you are using it. Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information. Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces. Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment. Keep children and animals away from work area. Comply with all applicable safety regulations. |

| ^ | PRESSURIZED EQUIPMENT HAZARD |
|-------------|---|
| | Fluid from the equipment, leaks, or ruptured components can splash in the eyes or on skin and cause serious injury. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when you stop spraying/dispensing and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment. Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment. Check hoses, tubes, and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately. |
| MPa/bar/PSI | BURN HAZARD |
| | Equipment surfaces and fluid that is heated can become very hot during operation. To avoid severe burns:Do not touch hot fluid or equipment. |
| • | MOVING PARTS HAZARD |
| | Moving parts can pinch, cut or amputate fingers and other body parts. Keep clear of moving parts. Do not operate equipment with protective guards or covers removed. Pressurized equipment can start without warning. Before checking, moving, or servicing equipment, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure and disconnect all power sources. |

Important Isocyanate (ISO) Information

Isocyanates (ISO) are catalysts used in two component materials.

Isocyanate Conditions



Spraying or dispensing fluids that contain isocyanates creates potentially harmful mists, vapors, and atomized particulates.

- Read and understand the fluid manufacturer's warnings and Safety Data Sheet (SDS) to know specific hazards and precautions related to isocyanates.
- Use of isocyanates involves potentially hazardous procedures. Do not spray with this equipment unless you
 are trained, qualified, and have read and understood the information in this manual and in the fluid manufacturer's application instructions and SDS.
- Use of incorrectly maintained or mis-adjusted equipment may result in improperly cured material.which could
 cause off gassing and offensive odors. Equipment must be carefully maintained and adjusted according to
 instructions in the manual.
- To prevent inhalation of isocyanate mists, vapors and atomized particulates, everyone in the work area must wear appropriate respiratory protection. Always wear a properly fitting respirator, which may include a supplied-air respirator. Ventilate the work area according to instructions in the fluid manufacturer's SDS.
- Avoid all skin contact with isocyanates. Everyone in the work area must wear chemically impermeable gloves, protective clothing and foot coverings as recommended by the fluid manufacturer and local regulatory authority. Follow all fluid manufacturer recommendations, including those regarding handling of contaminated clothing. After spraying, wash hands and face before eating or drinking.
- Hazard from exposure to isocyanates continues after spraying. Anyone without appropriate personal protective equipment must stay out of the work area during application and after application for the time period specified by the fluid manufacturer. Generally this time period is at least 24 hours.
- Warn others who may enter work area of hazard from exposure to isocyanates. Follow the recommendations
 of the fluid manufacturer and local regulatory authority. Posting a placard such as the following outside the
 work area is recommended:

| Â | WARNING |
|----------------|---|
| | TOXIC FUMES HAZARD |
| SPRAY OR FC | IOT ENTER DURING (FOAM APPLICATION OR HOURS AFTER CATION IS COMPLETE |
| DO N | IOT ENTER UNTIL: |
| DA1 TIM | — • |



Spraying or dispensing fluids that contain isocyanates creates potentially harmful mists, vapors, and atomized particulates:

- Read and understand the fluid manufacturer's warnings and Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) to know specific hazards and precautions related to isocyanates.
- Use of isocyanates involves potentially hazardous procedures. Do not spray with this equipment unless you are trained, qualified, and have read and understood the information in this manual and in the fluid manufacturer's application instructions and SDSs.
- Use of incorrectly maintained or mis-adjusted equipment may result in improperly cured material. Equipment must be carefully maintained and adjusted according to instructions in the manual.
- To prevent inhalation of isocyanate mists, vapors, and atomized particulates, everyone in the work area must wear appropriate respiratory protection. Always wear a properly fitting respirator, which may include a supplied-air respirator. Ventilate the work area according to instructions in the fluid manufacturer's SDSs.
- Avoid all skin contact with isocyanates. Everyone in the work area must wear chemically impermeable gloves, protective clothing and foot coverings as recommended by the fluid manufacturer and local regulatory authority. Follow all fluid manufacturer recommendations, including those regarding handling of contaminated clothing. After spraying, wash hands and face before eating or drinking.

Material Self-Ignition



Some materials may become self-igniting if applied too thick. Read material manufacturer's warnings and Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

Keep Components A and B Separate



Cross-contamination can result in cured material in fluid lines which could cause serious injury or damage equipment. To prevent cross-contamination:

- **Never** interchange component A and component B wetted parts.
- Never use solvent on one side if it has been contaminated from the other side.

Moisture Sensitivity of Isocyanates

Exposure to moisture (such as humidity) will cause ISO to partially cure, forming small, hard, abrasive crystal that become suspended in the fluid. Eventually a film will form on the surface and the ISO will begin to gel, increasing in viscosity.

NOTICE

Partially cured ISO will reduce performance and the life of all wetted parts.

- Always use a sealed container with a desiccant dryer in the vent, or a nitrogen atmosphere. **Never** store ISO in an open container.
- Keep the ISO pump wet cup or reservoir (if installed) filled with appropriate lubricant. The lubricant creates a barrier between the ISO and the atmosphere.
- Use only moisture-proof hoses compatible with ISO.
- Never use reclaimed solvents, which may contain moisture. Always keep solvent containers closed when not in use.
- Always lubricate threaded parts with an appropriate lubricant when reassembling.

NOTE: The amount of film formation and rate of crystallization varies depending on the blend of ISO, the humidity, and the temperature.

Foam Resins with 245 fa Blowing Agents

Some foam blowing agents will froth at temperatures above 90°F (33°C) when not under pressure, especially if agitated. To reduce frothing, minimize preheating in a circulation system.

Changing Materials

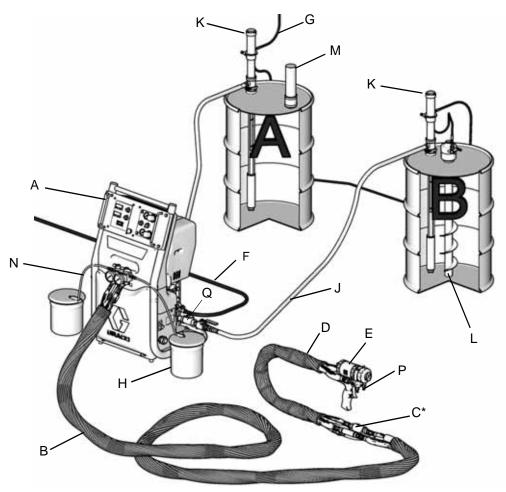
NOTICE

Changing the material types used in your equipment requires special attention to avoid equipment damage and downtime.

- When changing materials, flush the equipment multiple times to ensure it is thoroughly clean.
- Always clean the fluid inlet strainers after flushing.
- Check with your material manufacturer for chemical compatibility.
- When changing between epoxies and urethanes or polyureas, disassemble and clean all fluid components and change hoses. Epoxies often have amines on the B (hardener) side. Polyureas often have amines on the B (resin) side.

Typical Installation

Typical Installation, without Circulation



*Shown exposed for clarity. Wrap with tape during operation.

Fig. 1: Typical Installation without Circulation

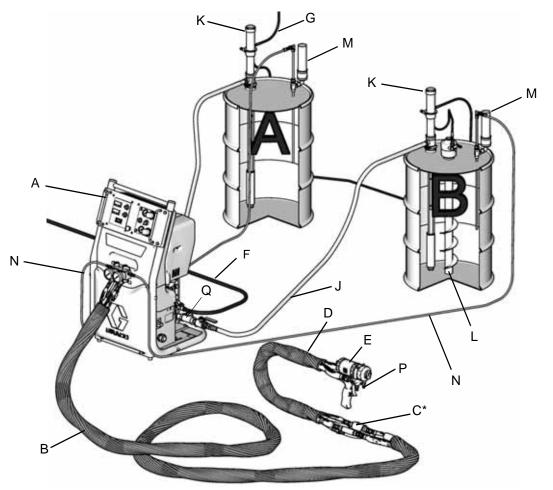
NOTE: See Typical Installation, with Lubrication on page 10 for required components.

Key:

- A Reactor Proportioner
- B Heated Hose
- C Fluid Temperature Sensor (FTS)
- D Heated Whip Hose
- E Fusion Spray Gun
- F Proportioner and Gun Air Supply Hose
- G Feed Pump Air Supply Lines, 3/8 in. (76 mm) ID minimum
- H Waste Containers
- J Fluid Supply Lines (217382)

- K T3 Feed Pump (other items purchased separately)
- L Agitator
- M Desiccant Dryer
- N Bleed Lines/Over Pressure Relief
- P Gun Fluid Manifold
- Q Fluid Filter

Typical Installation, with Circulation



*Shown exposed for clarity. Wrap with tape during operation.

FIG. 2: Typical Installation with Circulation

NOTE: See Typical Installation, with Lubrication on page 10 for required components.

Key:

- A Reactor Proportioner
- B Heated Hose
- C Fluid Temperature Sensor (FTS)
- D Heated Whip Hose
- E Fusion Spray Gun
- F Proportioner and Gun Air Supply Hose
- G Feed Pump Air Supply Lines, 3/8 in. (76 mm) ID minimum
- J Fluid Supply Lines (217382)

- K T3 Feed Pump (other items purchased separately)
- L Agitator
- M Desiccant Dryer
- N Recirculation/Over Pressure Relief Return Hoses
- P Gun Fluid Manifold
- Q Fluid Filter

Typical Installation, with Lubrication

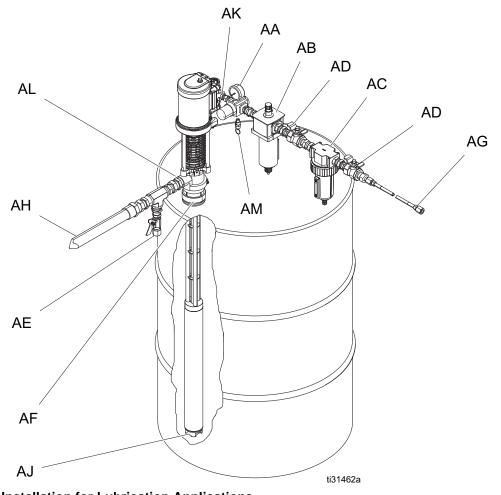


FIG. 3: Typical Installation for Lubrication Applications

Key:

- AA Pump Air Regulator
- AB Air Line Lubricator*
- AC Air Line Filter*
- AD Bleed-Type Master Air Valve (required)*
- AE Fluid Drain Valve (required)*
- AF Bung Adapter
- AG Grounded Air Hose*

- AH Grounded Fluid Hose*
- AJ Pump Fluid Inlet
- AK Pump Air Inlet, 1/4 npt(f)
- AL Pump Fluid Outlet, 3/4 npt(f)
- AM Pressure Relief (100 psi, 6.8 bar, 0.68 MPa)
- *Sold separately

Installation



A bleed-type master air valve (AD) and a fluid drain valve (AE) are required in your system, to help reduce the risk of serious injury, including splashing fluid in the eyes or on the skin, and injury from moving parts when you are adjusting or repairing the pump.

- The bleed-type master air valve (AD) relives air trapped between this valve and the pump after the pump is shut off. Trapped air can cause the pump to cycle unexpectedly and result in serious injury, including amputation. Install the valve close to the pump.
- The fluid drain valve (AE) helps relieve pressure in the displacement pump, hose, and dispensing valve when shutting off the pump. Actuating the dispensing valve to relieve pressure may not be sufficient, especially if there is a clog in the hose or the spray gun or dispensing valve.

Grounding



The equipment must be grounded to reduce the risk of static sparking. Static sparking can cause fumes to ignite or explode. Grounding provides an escape wire for the electric current.

See FIG. 4. Verify that the ground screw (GS) is attached and tightened securely to the air motor. Connect the other end of the ground wire (U) to a true earth ground.

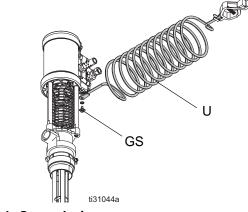


FIG. 4: Ground wire

NOTE: The items below are sold separately.

Air compressor: According to manufacturer recommendations.

Air and fluid hoses: Use only electrically conductive hoses with a maximum of 300 ft (91 m) combined hose length to ensure grounding continuity. Check electrical resistance of hoses. If total resistance to ground exceeds 29 megohms, replace the hose immediately.

Spray gun or dispense valve: Ground through connection to a properly grounded fluid hose and pump.

Fluid supply container: Follow local code.

Solvent pails used when flushing: Follow local code. Use only conductive metal pails, placed on a grounded surface. Do not place the pail on a non-conductive surface, such as paper or cardboard, which interrupts grounding continuity.

To maintain grounding continuity when flushing or relieving pressure: Hold metal part of the spray gun/dispense valve firmly to the side of a grounded metal pail, then trigger the gun/valve.

Accessories

To ensure maximum pump performance, be sure that all accessories are properly sized to meet your system's requirements.

Air Line

Install the following accessories in the order shown in the **Typical Installation, with Lubrication**, using adapters as necessary:

- Bleed-type master air valve (AD): required in your system to relieve air trapped between it and the air motor when the valve is closed.
- Be sure the air valves are easily accessible from the pump and located downstream from the air regulator.
- Air line lubricator (AB): provides automatic air motor lubrication.
- Air line filter (AC): removes harmful dirt and moisture from compressed air supply.
- Second bleed-type air valve (AD): isolates air line accessories for servicing. Locate upstream from all other air line accessories.

Fluid Line

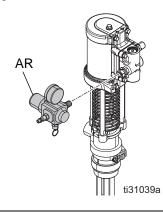
• Fluid drain valve (AE): required in your system to relieve fluid pressure in the hose and gun or dispense valve. Install the drain valve so that it points down and the handle points up when the valve is opened.

Flush Before Using Equipment

The equipment was tested with lightweight oil, which is left in the fluid passages to protect parts. To avoid contaminating your fluid with oil, flush the equipment with a compatible solvent before using the equipment. See **Flush the Equipment**, page 14.

Setup

1. Connect the supplied air regulator (AR) to the swivel fitting on the air motor manifold. See FIG. 5.



2. Apply thread sealant to the male outlet fitting (not supplied) and insert into the outlet port. See FIG. 6.

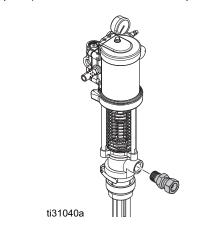
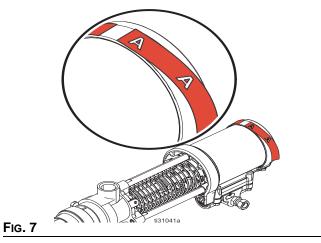


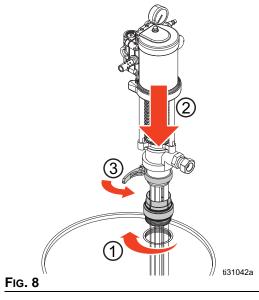


FIG. 5

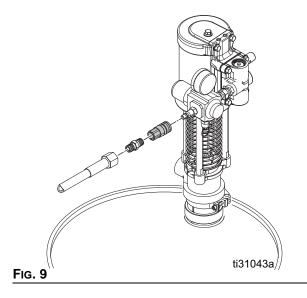
3. Use labels provided to identify the appropriate pump for your material. See Fig. 7.



4. Lubricate the bung adapter inside diameter and mounting threads. Ensure the gasket is in place and screw the bung adapter securely into the bunghole of the drum. insert the pump through the adapter and lock it in place. See FIG. 8.



5. Install air line (3/8 in. (76 mm) ID minimum) with quick disconnect air coupler provided. See FIG. 9.



Operation

Pressure Relief Procedure



Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure whenever you see this symbol.



This equipment stays pressurized until pressure is manually relieved. To help prevent serious injury from pressurized fluid, such as splashing fluid and moving parts, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when you stop spraying and before cleaning, checking, or servicing the equipment.

- 1. Turn off air supply to the pump, or close the upstream ball valve.
- 2. Close the bleed type master air valve (AD).
- 3. Open the fluid drain valve (AE) and drain fluid pressure into a grounded waste container.
- 4. Leave the fluid drain valve (AE) open until you are ready to pressurize the system.

Flush the Equipment



To avoid fire and explosion, always ground equipment and waste container. To avoid static sparking and injury from splashing, always flush at the lowest possible pressure.

Hot solvent may ignite. To avoid fire and explosion:

- Flush equipment only in a well-ventilated area
- Flush before changing colors, before fluid can dry in the equipment, before storing, and before repairing equipment.
- Flush at the lowest pressure possible. Check connectors for leaks and tighten as necessary.
- Flush with a fluid that is compatible with the fluid being dispensed and the equipment wetted parts.
- 1. Follow Pressure Relief Procedure, page 14.
- 2. Remove spray tip and soak in solvent.
- 3. Place pump fluid inlet (AJ) in grounded metal pail containing cleaning fluid.
- 4. Set pump to lowest possible fluid pressure, and start pump.
- 5. Hold a metal part of the gun or dispense valve firmly to a grounded metal pail. Trigger the gun or dispense valve until clean solvent dispenses.
- 6. Remove gun or dispense valve from hose. See gun manual to further clean gun or dispense valve.
- 7. Follow **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 14, and Remove fluid filter (Q) and soak in solvent. Replace filter cap.

Daily Startup

- 1. Verify that the air regulator is set to zero.
- 2. Connect the air line quick disconnect coupler to the T3 transfer pump.
- 3. Turn on the main air supply.
- 4. Slowly tighten the air regulator until the T3 transfer pump runs slowly.
- 5. Use the air regulator to control the pump pressure. See the **Pressure Conversion Chart**, page 27.

NOTICE

Never allow the pump to run dry of the fluid being pumped. A dry pump will quickly accelerate to a high speed and could cause damage to the pump. If the pump accelerates quickly or starts running too fast, stop it immediately and check the fluid supply. If the supply container is empty or air has been pumped into the lines, refill the container and prime the pump and the lines with fluid, or flush and leave and leave it filled with a compatible solvent. Be sure to eliminate all air from the fluid system.

Do not attempt to operate unless it is securely mounted in a drum.

Daily Shutdown

- 1. Turn off air supply to the pump, or close the upstream ball valve.
- 2. Close the bleed type master air valve (AD).
- 3. When air pressure is bled off, set the air regulator to zero.

Troubleshooting



- 1. Follow **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 14, before checking or repairing pump.
- 2. Check all possible problems and causes before disassembling pump.

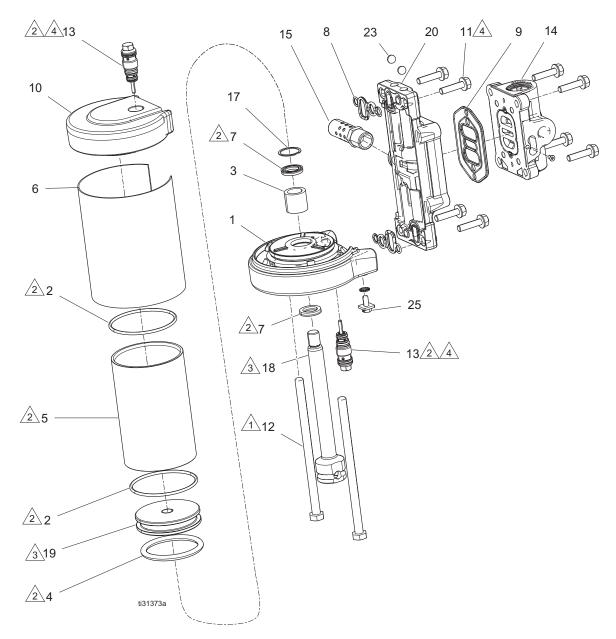
| Problem | Cause | Solution |
|---|--|---|
| The pump fails to operate | Damaged air valve | Replace or service air valve (17). |
| | Damaged pilot valve | Replace pilot valves (19). |
| | Inadequate air supply or restricted lines. | Clean lines or increase the air sup- ply. See Technical Specifications . |
| | Closed or clogged air valves | Open or clear the valves. |
| | Clogged fluid hose or valve | Open or clear the valves. |
| The pump operates, but the output is | Clogged fluid hose or valve | Clear the hose or valves. |
| low on both strokes | Exhausted fluid supply | Refill the fluid supply and reprime the pump. |
| | Worn or damaged valves or seals | Service the valves or seals. |
| The pump operates, but the output is | Held open or worn intake valve | Clear or service the valve. |
| low on the downstroke | Worn or damaged valves or seals | Service the valves or seals. |
| The pump operates, but the output is | Held open or worn piston valve | Clear or service the valve. |
| low on the upstroke | Worn or damaged valves or seals | Service the valves or seals. |
| Erratic or accelerated operation | Exhausted fluid supply | Refill the fluid supply and reprime the pump. |
| Pump slowly moves after fluid shutoff in the downstroke | Clogged or dirty intake valve check ball | Clean ball and seat. |
| | Worn or damaged valves or seats | Install repair kit. |
| Pump moves slowly after fluid shutoff in the downstroke | Clogged or dirty intake valve check ball | Clean ball and seat. |
| | Worn or damaged valves or seats | Install repair kit. |
| Pump moves slowly after fluid shutoff | Clogged or dirty piston ball or seat | Clean ball and seat. |
| in the upstroke | Worn or damaged valves or seats | Install repair kit. |
| Air continuously escapes around pis- ton rod | Damaged U-cups (part 3 or 43) | Replace piston rod U-cup (part 3 or 43). |
| Air continuously escapes from muf- fler | Damaged air valve plate (105) or cup (112) | Replace or service air valve (17). |
| Air motor "bounces" at top of stroke | Damaged bottom valve | Replace bottom pilot valve (19). |
| Air motor "bounces" at bottom of stroke | Damaged top valve | Replace top pilot valve (19). |
| Icing inside motor | Air motor operating at high pressure or high cycle rate | Reduce pressure, cycle rate, or duty cycle of motor. Reduce dew point of compressed air in moisture-coalesc- ing filter. |

Notes

Notes

Parts

Air Motor



1 Torque to 11-13 ft-lb (15-18 N•m).

Apply lubricant.

Apply adhesive and then torque to 35-40 ft-lb (47.4-54.2 N•m).

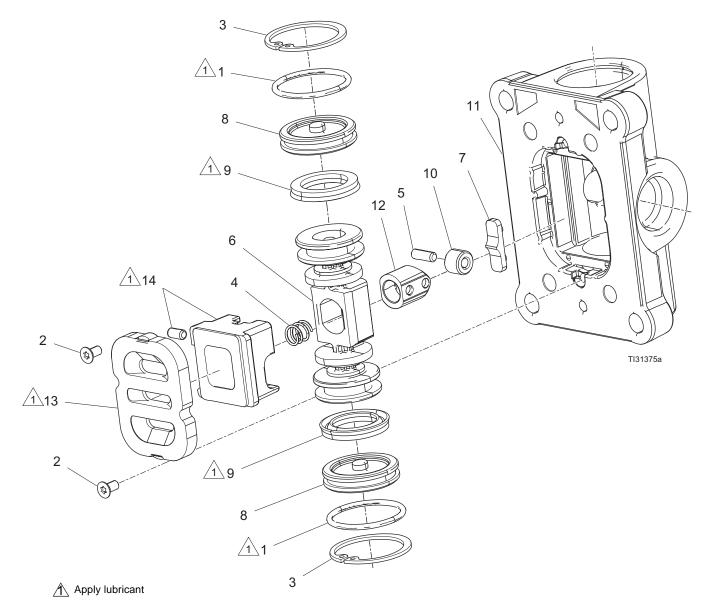
A Torque to 95-105 in-lb (10.7-11.8 N•m).

Parts List

| Ref. | Part | Description | Qt |
|------|--------|--------------------------------|----|
| 1† | | COVER, lower, 2.5 | |
| 2† | 108993 | PACKING, o-ring | |
| 3† | | BEARING, 9/16 | |
| 4† | 117370 | PACKING, o-ring | |
| 5 | 15M289 | CYLINDER, motor, 2.5 | |
| 6 | 17S538 | LABEL, air motor | |
| 7† | | SEAL, u-cup, 0.562 | |
| 8* | | GASKET, cover, small | |
| 9‡* | | SEAL, air valve, manifold | |
| 10 | 15M291 | COVER, motor, 2.5 | |
| 11‡* | | SCREW, M6 x 25, thread forming | |
| 12 | 15M314 | SCREW, cap | |
| 13♦ | | VALVE, pilot | |
| 14‡ | | VALVE, air, small | |
| 15 | 15M213 | MUFFLER, 3/8 | |
| 17† | | RING, retaining | |

| ty. | Re | ef. | Part | Description | Qty. |
|----------------------------|--------|------------------|--|--|------|
| 1 | 18 | † | | PISTON, air motor, rod, T3 | 1 |
| 2 | 19 | † | | PISTON, air motor, T3 | 1 |
| 1 | 20 | * | | MANIFOLD, medium, short | 1 |
| 1 | 23 | * | 105444 | BALL, 0.31250 | 4 |
| 1 | 25 | † | 116343 | SCREW, ground | 1 |
| 1 2 1 1 8 2 | † ‡ | (pi Pa (pi | urchase so orts include urchase so | ed in air motor rebuilt kit 25M555 eparately). ed in valve replacement kit 24A351 eparately). ed in pilot valve kit 24A366 | |
| 2 1 1 1 | * | Pa | nts includ | eparately). ed in motor manifold kit 24A579 eparately). | |

Air Valve

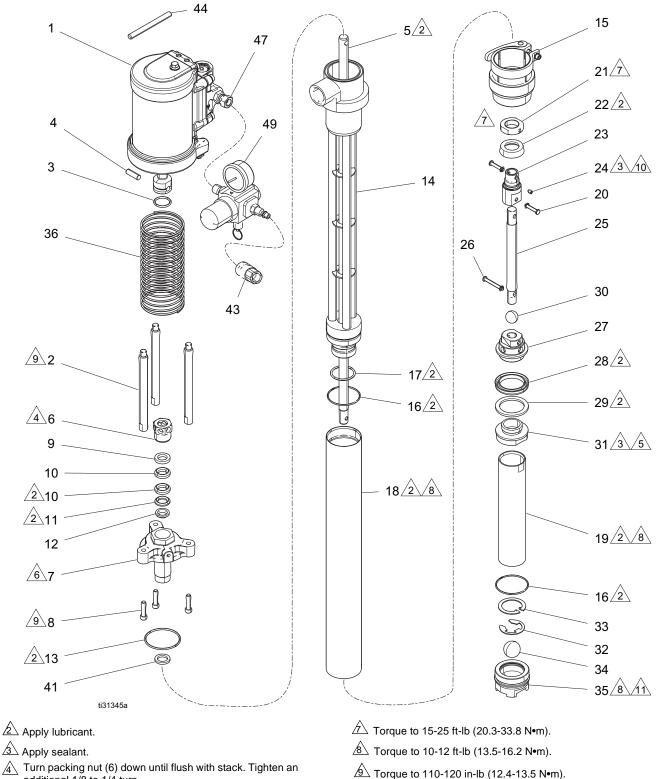


Parts List

| Ref. | Part | Description | Qty. |
|------|--------|---------------------------------|------|
| 1†‡ | | O-RING, 018 buna | 2 |
| 2†‡ | | SCREW, M3, thread forming | 2 |
| 3† | | RING, snap, 1.0 | 2 |
| 4† | | SPRING, detent, small | 1 |
| 5† | | PIN, detent, small | 1 |
| 6 | 15K903 | PISTON, air valve, small | 1 |
| 7† | | CAM, detent | 1 |
| 8† | | PLUG, air valve, small | 2 |
| 9†‡ | | SEAL, u-cup, bevel lip | 2 |
| 10 | | ROLLER, detent, small | 1 |
| 11 | | HOUSING, air valve, small, npt | 1 |
| 12† | | PISTON, detent, small, machined | 1 |
| 13† | | PLATE, air valve, machined | 1 |
| 14† | | CUP, air valve, machined | 1 |

- † Parts included in valve rebuild kit 25M552 (purchase separately).
- ‡ Parts included in valve seal kit 25M553 (purchase separately).

Pump Lower



- Turn packing nut (6) down until flush with stack. Tighten an additional 1/8 to 1/4 turn.
- ∠5 Torque to 45-55 ft-lb (61.0-74.5 №m).
- 6 Torque to 30-40 ft-lb (40.6-54.2 N•m).

- A Torque to 20-30 ft-lb (27.1-40.6 N•m).
- Apply sealant to threads.

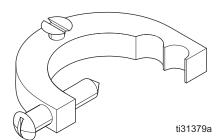
Parts List

| Ref. | Part | Description | Qty. | Ref. | Part | Description | Qty. |
|-----------------|--------|--------------------------------|------|------|-------------|--------------------------------|------|
| 1 | 25C864 | MOTOR, air, 2.5, T3 | 1 | 26‡ | 120295 | PIN, clevis, 3/16 dia x 1.5 | 1 |
| 2 | | ROD, tie, T3 | 3 | 27 | 15J570 | HOUSING, piston | 1 |
| 3 | | PACKING, o-ring | 1 | 28‡ | 15J565 | PACKING, u-cup | 1 |
| 4 | | PIN, straight | 1 | 29‡ | 15J566 | RING, wear | 1 |
| 5 | | PISTON, rod, lower, T3 | 1 | 30‡ | 103462 | BALL, SST, 715 | 1 |
| 6 | | NUT | 1 | 31 | 24J531 | VALVE, piston | 1 |
| 7 | | FLANGE | 1 | 32 | 120735 | RING, snap, E series | 1 |
| 8 | | SCREW, SHCS, 1/4-20 x 1.00 | 3 | 33 | 120734 | RING, retaining, internal | 1 |
| 9† | | GLAND, packing (female) | 1 | 34‡ | 107167 | BALL, SST | 1 |
| 10† | | PACKING, vee, PTFE | 2 | 35 | 24J533 | VALVE, foot | 1 |
| 11† | | GLAND, packing (male) | 1 | 36 | 17R693 | SPRING, guard, T3 | 1 |
| 12 † | | WIPER, rod | 1 | 41 | 15J560 | GASKET, PTFE | 1 |
| 13 | | O-RING, PTFE, encapsulated | 1 | 43 | 114558 | COUPLER, line, air | 1 |
| 14 | | BODY, pump, 2:1 | 1 | 44 | 15H197 | TOOL, spanner wrench | 1 |
| 15 | | ADAPTER | 1 | 45 | 15K008 | LABEL, material identification | 1 |
| 16‡ | | PACKING, o-ring | 2 | 46 | 15Y118 | LABEL, made in the USA | 1 |
| 17‡ | | PACKING, o-ring | 1 | 47 | 156823 | FITTING, swivel | 1 |
| 18 | | TUBE, suction | 1 | 49 | 24Z963 | REGULATOR, T3, quick connect | 1 |
| 19 | | CYLINDER, fluid | 1 | | | | |
| 20†‡ | | PIN, clevis, 3/16 diameter x 1 | 2 | † P | arts includ | ed in lower rod kit 25M554 | |
| 21 | | COLLAR, retaining | 1 | (r | ourchase s | eparately). | |
| 22‡ | | PACKING, piston cup | 1 | | | | |
| 23† | | PISTON, upper fluid, T2 | 1 | ‡ P | arts includ | ed in lower seal kit 247883 | |
| 24 | | SCREW, set | 1 | (F | ourchase s | eparately). | |
| 25† | | SHAFT, transfer, lower, T2 | 1 | | | | |
| - 1 | | _ ,, , , | - | | | | |

Accessories

Grounding Clamp (not included)

Part Description 103538 CLAMP, ground

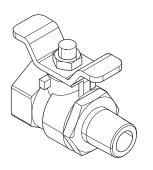


Bleed-Type Master Air Valve (not included)

Maximum Working Pressure: 300 psi (2.1 MPa, 21 bar)

| Part | Description | | Qty |
|------|-------------|------|-----|
| | | | |

107142 VALVE, ball, vented; 1/2 npt(m) inlet x 1/2 1 npt(f) outlet

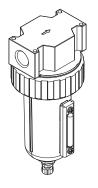


ti31380a

Air Line Filter (not included)

Maximum Working Pressure: 250 psi (1.7 MPa, 17.5 bar)

PartDescriptionQty106149FILTER, air line; 1/2 npt(f) inlet and outlet1



ti31381a

Air Line Lubricator (not included)

Maximum Working Pressure: 250 psi (1.7 MPa, 17.5 bar)

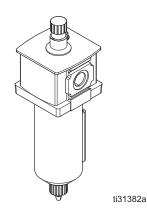
Part Description

Qty

1

Qty

214848 LUBRICATOR, air line; 8 oz (0.24 liter) 1 bowl capacity; 1/2 npt(f) inlet and outlet



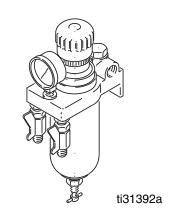
Air Line Filter and Regulator (not included)

Maximum Working Pressure: 180 psi (1.3 MPa, 13 bar)

Part Description

Qty

202660 FILTER, air; includes gauge and two 1/4 1 npt(m) outlet valves, 50 micron filter element with 100 mesh inlet strainer; 1/2 npt(f) inlet; flow rate is over 50 scfm (1.4 m³/min)

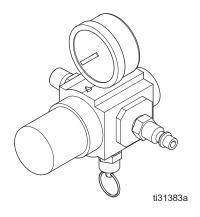


Air Regulator and Gauge (included)

Maximum Working Pressure: 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar)

Part Description





Fluid Drain Valve (not included)

Maximum Working Pressure: 500 psi (3.5 MPa, 35 bar)

Part Description

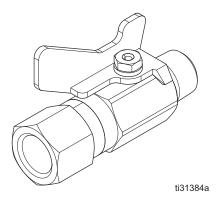
Qty 1

Qty

1

208630 VALVE, ball; 1/2 npt(m) x 3/8 npt(f) for non-corrosive fluids; carbon steel and PTFE

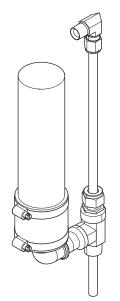
237534 VALVE, ball; 3/8 npt(m) x 3/8 npt(f) for cor-1 rosive fluids; SST and PTFE



Return Tube Kit (not included)

| Part | Description | Qty |
|--------|---|-----|
| 246477 | KIT, carbon steel return tube | 1 |
| 24D106 | SKIT, stainless steel return tube | 1 |
| 24E978 | KIT, carbon steel return tube; with hose | 1 |
| 24E379 | KIT, carbon steel return tube; with mois- | 1 |
| | ture-loc hose | |

24D107KIT, stainless steel return tube; with mois- 1 ture-loc hose



ti31385a

Performance Chart

Calculate Fluid Outlet Pressure

To calculate fluid outlet pressure (psi) at a specific fluid flow (gpm) and operating air pressure (psi), use the following instructions and Fig. 10.

Locate desired fluid flow along bottom of chart.

Follow the vertical line to the intersection with the selected air pressure curve (black). Refer to the Fluid Pressure measurements at left to determine fluid outlet pressure.

Calculate Pump Air Consumption

To calculate pump air consumption (scfm) at a specific fluid flow (gpm) and air pressure (psi), use the following instructions and Fig. 10.

Locate desired fluid flow along bottom of chart.

Follow the vertical line to the intersection with the selected air pressure curve (grey). Follow horizontally right to read air consumption.

Key: Air Pressure

- A 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar)
- B 70 psi (0.5 MPa, 4.8 bar)
- C 40 psi (0.3 MPa, 2.8 bar)

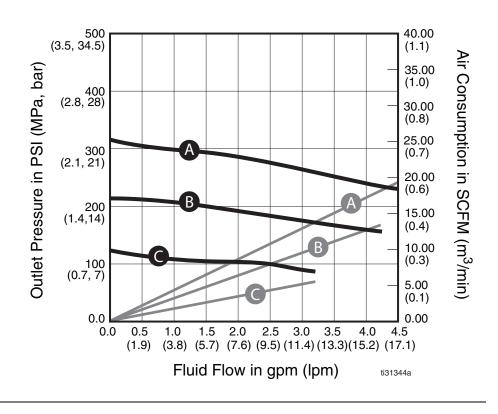
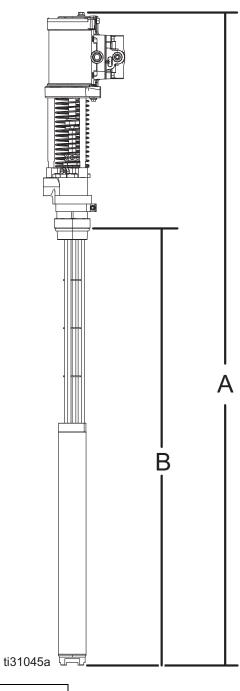


Fig. 10: Pump Performance

| | Air Pressure | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Fluid Pressure | T1 | T2 | Т3 | |
| 50 psi | 25.0 psi | 22.2 psi | 16.7 psi | |
| (3.4 bar, 0.34 MPa) | (1.3 bar, 0.13 MPa) | (1.5 bar, 0.15 MPa) | (1.1 bar, 0.11 MPa) | |
| 75 psi | 37.5 psi | 33.3 psi | 25.0 psi | |
| (5.1 bar, 0.51 MPa) | (2.5 bar, 0.25 MPa) | (2.3 bar, 0.23 MPa) | (1.7 bar, 0.17 MPa) | |
| 100 psi | 50.0 psi | 44.4 psi | 33.3 psi | |
| (6.8 bar, 0.68 MPa) | (3.4 bar, 0.34 MPa) | (3.0 bar, 0.3 MPa) | (2.2 bar, 0.22 MPa) | |
| 125 psi | 62.5 psi | 55.6 psi | 41.7 psi | |
| (8.6 bar, 0.86 MPa) | (4.3 bar, 0.43 MPa) | (3.8 bar, 0.38 MPa) | (2.8 bar, 0.28 MPa) | |
| 150 psi | 75.0 psi | 66.7 psi | 50.0 psi | |
| (10.3 bar, 1.03 MPa) | (5.1 bar, 0.51 MPa) | (4.5 bar, 0.45 MPa) | (3.4 bar, 0.34 MPa) | |
| 200 psi | 100.0 psi | 88.9 psi | 66.7 psi | |
| (13.7 bar, 1.37 MPa) | (6.8 bar, 0.68 MPa) | (6.1 bar, 0.61 MPa) | (4.5 bar, 0.45 MPa) | |
| 250 psi | 125.0 psi | 111.1 psi | 83.3 psi | |
| (17.2 bar, 1.72 MPa) | (8.6 bar, 0.86 MPa) | (7.6 bar, 0.76 MPa) | (5.7 bar, 0.57 MPa) | |
| 300 psi | 150.0 psi | 133.3 psi | 100.0 psi | |
| (20.6 bar, 2.06 MPa) | (10.3 bar, 1.03 MPa) | (9.1 bar, 0.91 MPa) | (6.8 bar, 0.68 MPa) | |

Pressure Conversion Chart

Dimensions



| Dimension | Measurement | |
|--------------------|---------------------|--|
| A (Overall Length) | 50.3 in. (127.8 cm) | |
| B (Pump Length) | 33.7 in. (85.6 cm) | |
| Air Inlet | 1/4 in. npt | |
| Fluid Outlet | 3/4 in. npt(f) | |

Technical Specifications

T3, 3:1 Ratio Transfer Pump

| | US | Metric | |
|--|---|-----------------------|--|
| Pressure ratio | | 3:1 | |
| Maximum fluid working pressure | 315 psi | 2.17 MPa, 21.7 bar | |
| Maximum air inlet pressure | 100 psi | 0.68 MPa, 6.8 bar | |
| Maximum continuous outlet flow | 4.5 gpm | 17.03 lpm | |
| Pump cycles per 1 gallon (3.8 liters) | 30 | | |
| Maximum recommended pump speed for con- tinuous operation | 120 cpm | | |
| Gallons (liters) per pump cycle | 0.034 gpm | 0.128 lpm | |
| Maximum ambient operating temperature | 120° F | 49° C | |
| Maximum fluid temperature | 190° F | 88° C | |
| Inlet/Outlet Sizes | | | |
| Air inlet size | 1/4-18 in. npt(f) | | |
| Fluid outlet size | 3/4-14 in. npt (f) | | |
| Materials of Construction | | | |
| Wetted materials on all models | | Stainless Steel, PTFE | |
| Weight | | | |
| All models | 22 lb. | 10 kg | |
| Noise (dBa) | | | |
| Maximum sound pressure* | 72.9 dBa @ 70 psi (0.48 MPa, 4.8 bar) | | |
| Maximum sound power** | 82.8 dBS @ 70 psi (0.48 MPa, 4.8 bar), 20 cpm | | |
| *Sound pressure measured 3.28 feet (1 meter) **Sound power measured per ISO-9614-2. | | · · · · | |

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Original instructions. This manual contains English. MM 3A5180

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